

Portable ultrasonic flowmeter for gas, steam and liquids

Portable instrument for non-invasive, quick ultrasonic flow measurement with clamp-on technology for all types of piping

Features

- Configurable as multifunctional measuring system:
- Flow measurement of gases, compressed air and saturated steam up to max. 356 °F
- Flow and thermal energy measurement of liquids
- Precise bidirectional and highly dynamic flow measurement with the non-invasive clamp-on technology
- Automatic loading of calibration data and transducer detection for a fast and easy set-up (less than 5 min), providing precise and long-term stable results
- High precision at fast and slow flow rates, high temperature and zero point stability
- Portable, easy-to-use flow transmitter with 2 flow channels, multiple inputs/outputs, an integrated data logger with a serial interface
- Integrated wall thickness measurement with connectable wall thickness probe
- The transmitter is water and dust-tight (NEMA 4), resistant against oil, many liquids and dirt
- Robust, water-tight (NEMA 4) transport case with comprehensive accessories
- Li-lon battery provides up to 25 hours of measurement operation
- User-friendly design
- QuickFix for a simple and fast transmitter fixation, e.g., on pipes
- Transducers available for a wide range of inner pipe diameters and fluid temperatures

Applications

Designed for industrial use in harsh environments, applicable in all areas such as maintenance, energy management, troubleshooting and verification of installed measuring systems. Example applications:

- Measurement on natural gas pipelines and in natural gas storage installations
- Data gathering in energy management and certifications according to ISO 50001
- Supervision and monitoring of compressed air and steam systems
- · Hydraulic balancing of cooling towers
- Measurement on natural gas pipelines and in natural gas storage installations
- Measurement of synthesized gas and injection gas
- · Measurement for the gas supply industry
- Supervision of permanently installed meters, service and maintenance



FLUXUS G601



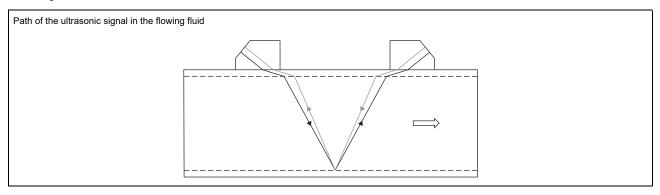
Measurement equipment in transport case

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Function

Measurement principle

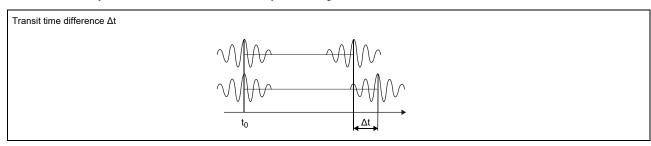
The transducers are mounted on the pipe which is completely filled with the fluid. The ultrasonic signals are emitted alternately by a transducer and received by the other. The physical quantities are determined from the transit times of the ultrasonic signals.



As the fluid where the ultrasound propagates is flowing, the transit time of the ultrasonic signal in flow direction is shorter than the one against the flow direction.

The transit time difference Δt is measured and allows the flowmeter to determine the average flow velocity along the propagation path of the ultrasonic signals. A flow profile correction is then performed in order to obtain the area averaged flow velocity, which is proportional to the volumetric flow rate.

The integrated microprocessors control the entire measuring cycle. The received ultrasonic signals are checked for measurement usability and evaluated for their reliability. Noise signals are eliminated.



Calculation of volumetric flow rate

$$\dot{V} = k_{Re} \cdot A \cdot k_a \cdot \frac{\Delta t}{2 \cdot t_{\gamma}}$$

where

V - volumetric flow rate

k_{Re} - fluid mechanics calibration factor

A - cross-sectional pipe area
 k_a - acoustical calibration factor

Δt - transit time difference

 t_{γ} - average of transit times in the fluid

Calculation of mass flow rate

The mass flow rate is calculated from the operating density and the volumetric flow rate:

$$\dot{m} = \rho \cdot \dot{V}$$

The operating density of the fluid is calculated as the function of pressure and temperature of the fluid:

$$\rho = f(p, T)$$

where

operating density

p - fluid pressure

T - fluid temperature

m - mass flow rate

V - volumetric flow rate

Calculation of standard volumetric flow rate

The standard volumetric flow rate can be selected as physical quantity. It is calculated with the following formula:

$$\dot{V}_N = \dot{V} + \frac{p}{p_N} + \frac{T_N}{T} + \frac{1}{K}$$

where

 \dot{V}_N - standard volumetric flow rate

V - operating volumetric flow rate

p_N - standard pressure (absolute value)

p - operating pressure (absolute value)

T_N - standard temperature in K

T - operating temperature in K

K compressibility coefficient of gas: ratio of the compressibility factors of the gas at operating conditions and at standard conditions Z/Z_N

The operational pressure p and the operational temperature T of the fluid will be entered directly as fixed values into the transmitter.

or:

If inputs are installed (optional), pressure and temperature can be measured by the customer and fed in the transmitter.

The gas compressibility coefficient K of the gas is entered in the transmitter:

- · as fixed value or
- · as approximation, e.g., according to AGA8 or GERG

The operational pressure p and the operational temperature T of the fluid will be entered directly as fixed values into the transmitter. If temperature inputs are installed (optional), the temperature can be measured by the customer and fed in the transmitter.

The gas compressibility coefficient K of the gas is entered in the transmitter:

- · as fixed value or
- · as approximation, e.g., according to AGA8 or GERG

Number of sound paths

The number of sound paths is the number of transits of the ultrasonic signal through the fluid in the pipe. Depending on the number of sound paths, the following methods of installation exist:

reflect arrangement

The number of sound paths is even. The transducers are mounted on the same side of the pipe. Correct positioning of the transducers is easy.

· diagonal arrangement

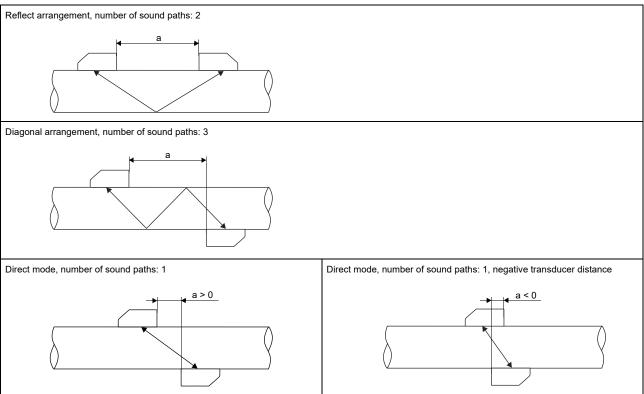
The number of sound paths is odd. The transducers are mounted on opposite sides of the pipe.

· direct mode

Diagonal arrangement with 1 sound path. This should be used in the case of a high signal attenuation by the fluid, pipe or coatings.

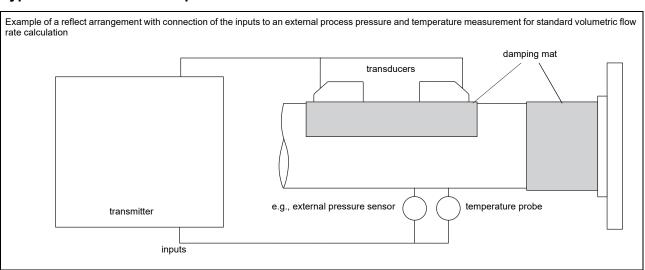
The preferred method of installation depends on the application. While increasing the number of sound paths increases the accuracy of the measurement, signal attenuation increases as well. The optimum number of sound paths for the parameters of the application will be determined automatically by the transmitter.

As the transducers can be mounted with the transducer mounting fixture in reflect arrangement or diagonal arrangement, the number of sound paths can be adjusted optimally for the application.



a - transducer distance

Typical measurement setup



Transmitter

Technical data

		FLUXUS G601, G601ST	FLUXUS G601ST (steam measurement ²)
		FLUXUS G601, G601S1	FLUXUS G60151 (Steam measurement-)
design		portable	
measurement		T	
measurement principle		transit time difference correlation principle	
flow velocity	ft/s	l 0.03 to 115, depending on pipe diameter	depending on pipe diameter and transducer, see diagrams
repeatability		0.15 % MV ±0.02 ft/s	, 3
fluid		all acoustically conductive gases, e.g., nitrogen, air, oxygen, hydrogen, argon, helium, ethylene, propane	saturated steam, superheated steam
fluid pressure	psia	see transducers	44 to 145
fluid temperature	°F	see transducers	275 to 356
temperature com- pensation		corresponding to the recommendations in ANSI/ASME MFC-5.	1-2011
	taint	 y (volumetric flow rate)	
measurement uncer-		±0.3 % MV ±0.02 ft/s	±0.3 % MV ±0.02 ft/s
tainty of the measu-		includes calibration certificate traceable to NIST	includes calibration certificate traceable to NIST
ring system ¹ measurement uncer-		±1 to 2 % MV ±0.02 ft/s, contact FLEXIM for an application	±1 to 3 % MV ±0.02 ft/s, depending on the application
tainty at the measu-		specific uncertainty evaluation	12.1 to 5 % live 20.02 live, depending on the application
ring point		,	
transmitter			
power supply		• 100 to 230 V/50 to 60 Hz (power supply unit: IP40, 32 to 104	°F)
		10.5 to 15 V DC (socket at transmitter)	
into metal battan.		• integrated battery	
integrated battery operating time	h	Li-lon, 7.2 V/6.2 Ah > > 14 (without outputs, inputs and backlight)	
operating time	l''	• > 25 (1 measuring channel, ambient temperature > 50 °F, with	hout outputs, inputs and backlight)
power consumption	W	6 (with outputs, inputs and backlight), charging: 18	mout outpute, inpute and backinging
number of measuring	İ	2	
channels			
damping measuring cycle	s Hz	0 to 100 (adjustable) 100 to 1000 (1 channel)	
response time	nz s	1 (1 channel), option: 0.07	
housing material		PA, TPE, AutoTex, stainless steel	
degree of protection	İ	NEMA 4	
!	inch	see dimensional drawing	
weight	lb	4.6	
fixation	°E	QuickFix pipe mounting fixture 14 to 140	
ambient temperature display	<u>'</u>	2 x 16 characters, dot matrix, backlight	
menu language		English, German, French, Dutch, Spanish	
measuring functions	3		
physical quantities		operating volumetric flow rate, standard volumetric flow rate,	operating volumetric flow rate, mass flow rate, flow velocity
totalizer		mass flow rate, flow velocity volume, mass	
calculation functions		average, difference, sum	
diagnostic functions		sound speed, signal amplitude, SNR, SCNR, standard deviatio	n of amplitudes and transit times
communication inte	rface	s	
service interfaces		• RS232	
		USB (with adapter) Madhan BTH (antique)	
process interfaces accessories	<u> </u>	Modbus RTU (optional)	
data transmission kit			
• cable		RS232	
adapter		RS232 - USB	
software		FluxDiagReader: reading of measured values and parameter	
		• FluxDiag (optional): reading of measurement data, graphical	presentation, report generation
adapter		AO5, AO6, AO7, AO8, AI1, AI2 dimensions: 19.7 x 15.7 x 7.5 inch	
transport case data logger	l	Juintensions. 19.7 x 10.7 x 7.0 IIICH	
loggable values		all physical quantities, totalized physical quantities and diagnos	stic values
capacity		> 100 000 measured values	
1 with aperture calibra			

¹ with aperture calibration of the transducers

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For the technical data in the flow measurement of liquids mode see Technical specification TSFLUXUS_F601V*-*.

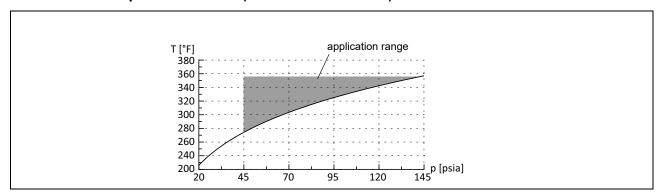
 $^{^{2}}$ test measurement to validate the application required in advance, especially for pipe diameters < 4 inch

		ELLINGIA COMA COMACT	EL LIVIJO 00040T (1)						
		FLUXUS G601, G601ST	FLUXUS G601ST (steam measurement ²)						
outputs									
		The outputs are galvanically isolated from the transmitter.							
number		see standard scope of supply, max. on request							
 switchable currer 	nt outp								
		All switchable current outputs are jointly switched to active or p	assive.						
range		4 to 20 (3.2 to 24)							
accuracy		0.04 % MV ±3 μA							
active output		$U_{int} = 24 \text{ V}, R_{ext} < 500 \Omega$							
passive output		U_{ext} = 8 to 30 V, depending on R_{ext} (R_{ext} < 900 Ω at 30 V)							
 frequency output 									
range	kHz	0 to 5	-						
open collector		24 V/4 mA	-						
 binary output 									
optorelay		26 V/100 mA							
binary output as alar	m out	out							
 functions 	1	limit, change of flow direction or error							
binary output as puls	e outp	ut							
 functions 	1	mainly for totalizing							
 pulse value 	units	0.01 to 1000							
 pulse width 	ms	1 to 1000							
inputs									
		The inputs are galvanically isolated from the transmitter.							
number		see standard scope of supply, max. 4							
 temperature input 	t								
type		Pt100/Pt1000							
connection	Ì	4-wire							
range	°F	-238 to +1040							
resolution	K	0.01							
accuracy	İ	±0.01 % MV ±0.03 K							
current input		1							
accuracy		0.1 % MV ±10 μA							
passive input	İ	$R_{int} = 50 \Omega$, $P_{int} < 0.3 W$							
• range	mΑ	-20 to +20							
voltage input		1							
range	V	0 to 1	-						
accuracy	İ	0.1 % MV ±1 mV	-						
internal resistance	i i	$R_{int} = 1 M\Omega$	-						
	1	1 118	· ·						

¹ with aperture calibration of the transducers

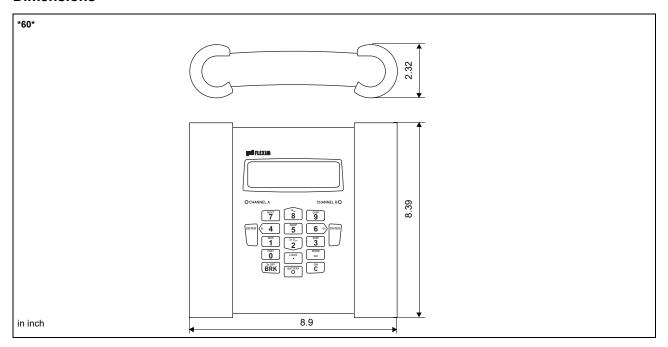
For the technical data in the flow measurement of liquids mode see Technical specification TSFLUXUS_F601V*-*.

Saturated steam pressure curve (steam measurement)



 $^{^{2}}$ test measurement to validate the application required in advance, especially for pipe diameters < 4 inch

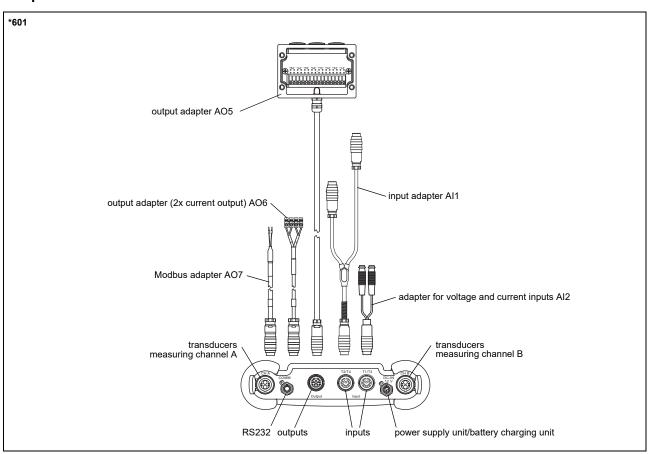
Dimensions



Standard scope of supply

	G601 Basic	G601 CA-Energy	G601ST Steam					
		-	G60131 Steam					
application	flow measurement of gas and liquids							
	2 independent measuring channels							
	calculation of standard volumetric flow rate	calculation of standard vo optional use of current m temperature values	easured pressure and					
		al energy computer for s						
			calculation of mass flow rate according to saturat- ed steam pressure curve					
outputs								
switchable current output	2	2	2					
inputs								
temperature input	-	2	2					
passive current input	-	2	2					
accessories								
transport case	х	x	Х					
power supply unit, mains cable	х	х	x					
battery	X	x	х					
adapter	AO6	AO6, AI1, AI2	AO6, AI1, AI2					
QuickFix pipe mounting fixture for transmitter	х	х	х					
data transmission kit	х	x	х					
measuring tape	х	х	х					
operating instruction, Quick start guide	х	x x						

Adapters



Example of transport case equipment

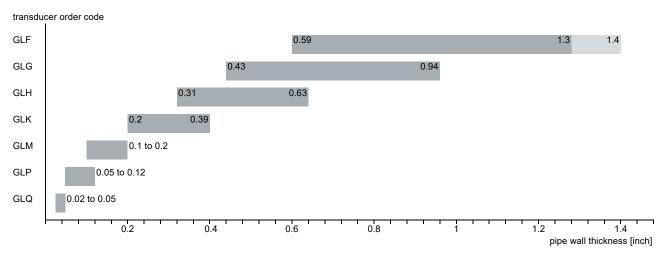


Transducers

Transducer selection (gas measurement)

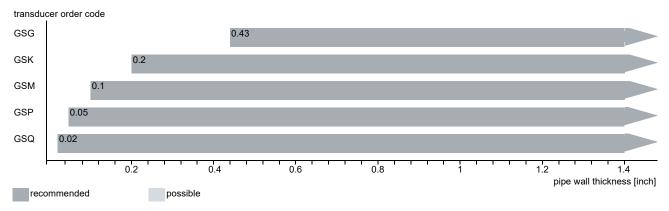
Step 1a

Select a Lamb wave transducer:



Step 1b

If the pipe wall thickness is not in the range of the Lamb wave transducers, select a shear wave transducer:

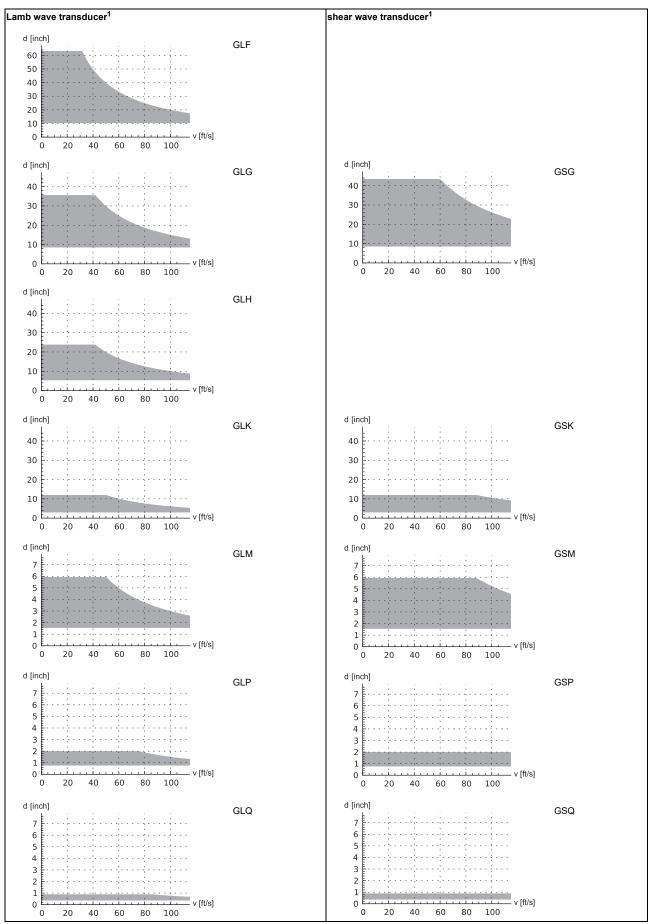


Step 2

inner pipe diameter d dependent on the flow velocity v of the fluid in the pipe

The transducers are selected from the characteristics (see next page). Lamb wave transducers are selected from the left column, shear wave transducers from the right column.

Lamb wave transducers: If the values d and v are not in the range, the diagonal arrangement with 1 sound path may be used, i.e. the same characteristics can be used with doubling the inner pipe diameter. If the values are still not in the range, shear waves transducers regarding the pipe wall thickness have to be selected in step 1b.



inner pipe diameter and max. flow velocity for a typical application with natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen in reflect arrangement with 2 sound paths (Lamb wave transducers)/1 sound path (shear wave transducers)

Step 3

min. fluid pressure

transducer or-	fluid pressure ¹ [psi]		
der code	metal pipe		plastic pipe
	min.	min. extended	min.
GLF	218	145	15
GLG	218	145	15
GLH	218	145	15
GLK	218 (d > 4.7 inch) 145 (d < 4.7 inch)	145 (d > 4.7 inch) 44 (d < 4.7 inch)	15
GLM	145 (d > 2.4 inch) 73 (d < 2.4 inch)	44 (d < 2.4 inch)	15
GLP	145 (d > 1.4 inch) 73 (d < 1.4 inch)	44 (d < 1.4 inch)	15
GLQ	145 (d > 0.59 inch) 73 (d < 0.59 inch)	44 (d < 0.59 inch)	15

shear wave transducer						
transducer o	r- fluid pressur	e [†] [psi]				
der code	metal pipe		plastic pipe			
	min.	min. extended	min.			
GSG	435	290	15			
GSK	435	290	15			
GSM	435	290	15			
GSP	435	290	15			
GSQ	435	290	15			

¹ depending on the application, typical absolute value for natural gas, nitrogen, compressed air

Example

step					
1	pipe wall thickness	inch	0.56	0.34	1.5
	selected transducer		GLG or GLH	GLH or GLK	GS
2	inner pipe diameter	inch	22.9	3.8	5.6
	max. flow velocity	ft/s	49	98	98
	selected transducer		GLG	GLK	GSK
3	min. fluid pressure	psi	290	218	580
	selected transducer		GLG	GLK	GSK

Step 4

for the characters 4 to 11 of the transducer order code (ambient temperature, explosion protection, connection system, extension cable) see page 15

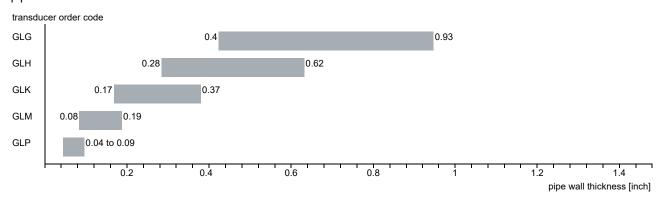
Step 5

for the technical data of the selected transducer see page 16 et seqq.

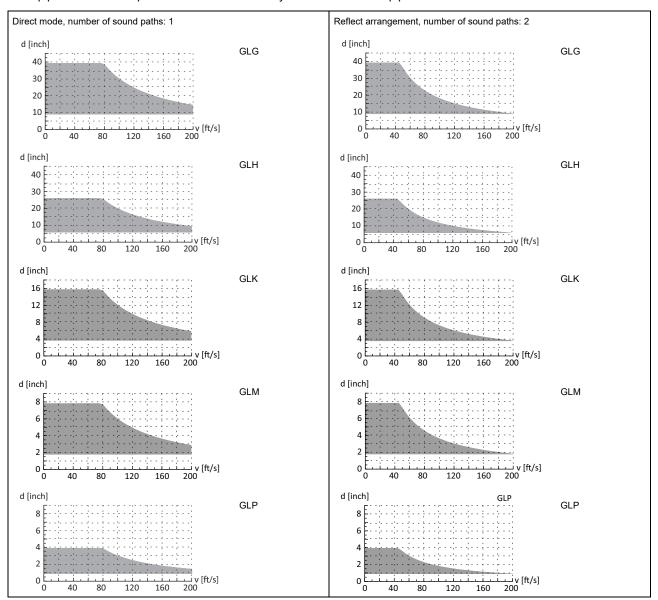
d = inner pipe diameter

Transducer selection (G**1S*3, steam measurement)

Step 1
pipe wall thickness



Step 2 inner pipe diameter d dependent on the flow velocity v of the fluid in the pipe



inner pipe diameter and max. flow velocity for a steam application

Transducer order code

1, 2	3	4	5, 6	7, 8	9 to 11		no. of character
© transducer	transducer frequency	ambient temperature	explosion protection	connection system	extension cable	option	description
	•	•	•				set of ultrasonic flow transducers for gas measurement, shear wave
GL							set of ultrasonic flow transducers for gas measurement, Lamb wave
	F						0.15 MHz
	G						0.2 MHz
	Н						0.3 MHz
	K						0.5 MHz
	M						1 MHz
	Р						2 MHz
	Q						4 MHz
		N					normal temperature range
		E					extended temperature range
		S					higher temperatures
			NN				not explosion-proof
				NL			with Lemo connector
					XXX		0 m: without extension cable
							> 0 m: with extension cable
						LC	long transducer cable

Technical data

Shear wave transducers (nonEx, NL)

order code		GSG-NNNNL/**	GSK-NNNNL/**	GSM-NNNNL/**	GSP-NNNNL/**	GSQ-NNNNL/**
technical type		G(DL)G1NZ7	G(DL)K1NZ7	G(DL)M1NZ7	G(DL)P1NZ7	G(DL)Q1NZ7
transducer frequency	MHz	0.2	0.5	1	2	4
fluid pressure ¹		Į.	l .	11	1	- U
min. extended	psi	metal pipe: 290				
min.	psi	metal pipe: 435, p	lastic pipe: 15			
inner pipe diameter	d ²					
min. extended	inch	7.1	2.4	1.2	0.59	0.28
min. recommended	inch	8.7	3.1	1.6	0.79	0.39
max. recommended	inch	35.4	11.8	5.9	2	0.87
max. extended	inch	43.3	14.2	7.1	2.4	1.2
pipe wall thickness		Į.	l .	11	1	
min.	inch	0.43	0.2	0.1	0.05	0.02
material		•		•	•	•
housing		PEEK with stainle	ss steel cover 304	stainless steel 30)4	
contact surface		PEEK		PEEK		
degree of protection		NEMA 6		•		
transducer cable		•				
type		1699				
length	ft	16		13		9
length (***-****/LC)	ft	29				•
dimensions		•				
length I	inch		4.98	2.36		1.67
width b	inch		2.01	1.18		0.71
height h	inch	2.64	2.66	1.32		0.85
dimensional drawing					<u>†</u>	
weight (without cable)	lb	1	0.79	0.08		0.03
pipe surface temper	ature		•			•
min.	°F	-40				
max.	°F	+266				
ambient temperatur	е					
min.	°F	-40				
max.	°F	+266				
temperature com- pensation		х				

¹ depending on the application, typical absolute value for natural gas, nitrogen, compressed air

shear wave transducer: typical values for natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen; pipe diameters for other fluids on request inner pipe diameter max. recommended/max. extended: in reflect arrangement and for a flow velocity of 49 ft/s

Shear wave transducers (nonEx, NL, extended temperature range)

	0014 511111 /##	000 511111 44	000 511111 (##					
			GSQ-ENNNL/**					
	` '	. ,	G(DL)Q1EZ7					
MHz	1	2	4					
	metal pipe: 435, p	lastic pipe: 15						
			0.28					
inch	1.6	0.79	0.39					
inch	5.9	2	0.87					
inch	7.1	2.4	1.2					
pipe wall thickness								
inch	0.1	0.05	0.02					
•		•						
	stainless steel 304	4						
	Sintimid							
	NEMA 4							
	1699							
ft	13		9					
ft	29		•					
inch	2.36		1.67					
inch	1.18		0.71					
inch	1.32		0.85					
İ								
lb	0.09		0.02					
ature								
°F	-22							
°F	+392							
e								
°F	-22							
°F	+392							
	х							
	psi psi psi d² inch inch inch inch inch inch	psi metal pipe: 290 psi metal pipe: 435, p d²	G(DL)M1EZ7 G(DL)P1EZ7 MHz 1 2 psi					

¹ depending on the application, typical absolute value for natural gas, nitrogen, compressed air

² shear wave transducer:
typical values for natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen; pipe diameters for other fluids on request inner pipe diameter max. recommended/max. extended: in reflect arrangement and for a flow velocity of 49 ft/s

Lamb wave transducers

Lamb wave transducers (nonEx, NL)

order code		GLF-NNNNL	GLG-NNNNL	GLH-NNNNL	GLK-NNNNL	GLM-NNNNL	GLP-NNNNL	GLQ-NNNNL
technical type		G(RT)F1NC3	G(RT)G1NC3	G(RT)H1NC3	G(RT)K1NC3	G(RT)M1NC3	G(RT)P1NC3	G(RT)Q1NC3
transducer frequency	MHz	0.15	0.2	0.3	0.5	1	2	4
fluid pressure				•				
min. extended	psi	metal pipe: 145			metal pipe: 145 (d > 4.7 inch) 44 (d < 4.7 inch)	metal pipe: 44 (d < 2.4 inch)	metal pipe: 44 (d < 1.4 inch)	metal pipe: 44 (d < 0.59 inch)
min.	psi	metal pipe: 218 plastic pipe: 15			metal pipe: 218 (d > 4.7 inch) 145 (d < 4.7 inch) plastic pipe: 15	metal pipe: 145 (d > 2.4 inch) 73 (d < 2.4 inch) plastic pipe: 15	metal pipe: 145 (d > 1.4 inch) 73 (d < 1.4 inch) plastic pipe: 15	metal pipe: 145 (d > 0.59 inch) 73 (d < 0.59 inch) plastic pipe: 15
inner pipe diameter	d ²							
min. extended	inch	8.7	7.1	4.3	2.4	1.2	0.59	0.28
	inch		8.7	5.5	3.1	1.6	0.79	0.39
max. recommended	inch	47.2	35.4	23.6	11.8	5.9	2	0.87
max. extended	inch	63	55.1	39.4	14.2	7.1	2.4	1.2
pipe wall thickness								
min.	inch		0.43	0.31	0.2	0.1	0.05	0.02
max.	inch		0.94	0.63	0.39	0.2	0.12	0.05
max. extended	inch	1.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
material								
housing contact surface degree of protection		PPSU with stainless steel cover 316Ti PPSU NEMA 4	PPSU with stainle	ess steel cover 304	1			
transducer cable	l							
type		1699						
length	ft	16				13		9
length (***-****/LC)	ft	29						i i
dimensions								
length I	inch	6.42	5.06			2.91		1.65
width b	inch	2.13	2.01			1.26		0.87
height h	inch	3.59	2.66			1.59		1
dimensional drawing				<u> </u>				
weight (without cable)	lb	2.1	1			0.17		0.04
pipe surface temper		10						
min.	°F	-40						
max.	°F	+266						
ambient temperature		10						
min.	°F	-40						
max.	°F	+266						
temperature com- pensation		х						
1 depending on the ar		tion typical about	to value for natura	l ann nitroann an	manuscaed air			

¹ depending on the application, typical absolute value for natural gas, nitrogen, compressed air

² Lamb wave transducer: typical values for natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen; pipe diameters for other fluids on request inner pipe diameter max. recommended: in reflect arrangement (diagonal arrangement) and for a flow velocity of 49 ft/s (98 ft/s) inner pipe diameter max. extended: in reflect arrangement (diagonal arrangement) and for a flow velocity of 39 ft/s (82 ft/s)

Lamb wave transducers (nonEx, steam measurement, NL)

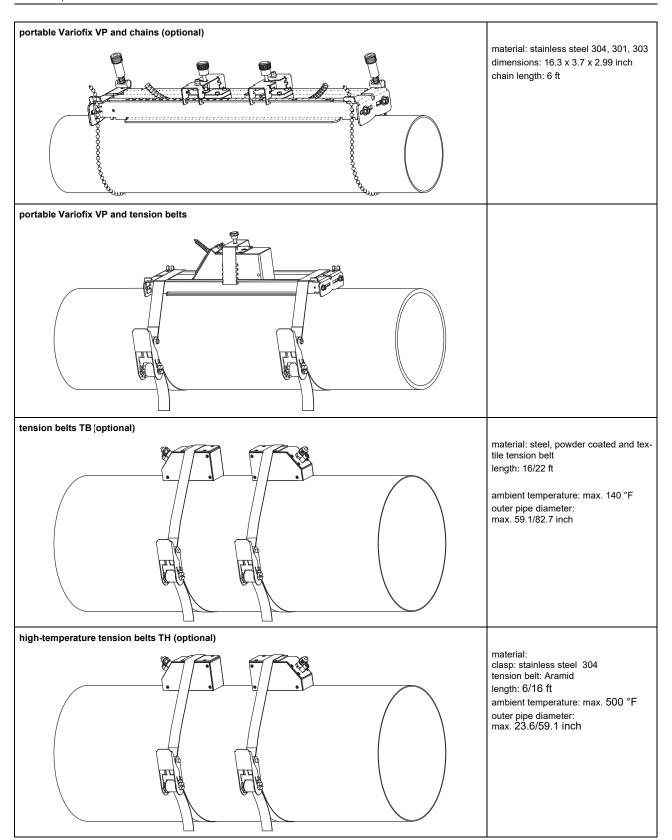
order code		GLG-SNNNL/**	GLH-SNNNL/**	GLK-SNNNL/**	GLM-SNNNL/**	GLP-SNNNL/**	
technical type		G(RT)G1SC3	G(RT)H1SC3	G(RT)K1SC3	G(RT)M1SC3	G(RT)P1SC3	
transducer frequency	MHz	0.2	0.3	0.5	1	2	
inner pipe diameter	d	•	•		•	•	
min.	inch	8.9	5.9	3.5	1.8	0.91	
max.	inch	39.4	26.3	15.7	7.9	3.9	
pipe wall thickness							
min.		0.42	0.28	0.17	0.08	0.04	
max.	inch	0.93	0.62	0.37	0.19	0.09	
material							
housing		PPSU with stainle	ss steel cover 31	6Ti			
contact surface		PPSU					
degree of protection		IP65					
transducer cable							
type		1699					
		16			13		
	ft	29			29		
dimensions							
length I	inch				2.91		
	inch				1.3		
	inch	2.66			1.59		
dimensional drawing							
weight (without cable)	lb	1.8			0.35		
storing temperature							
min.	°F	-40					
max.	°F.	+356					
operating temperatu							
min.		212					
max.	°F	356					
warm-up time	h	3			1		
temperature com- pensation		х		-	_	-	

completely thermically insulated transducer installation necessary

Transducer mounting fixture

Order code

1, 2	3		4	5	6	7 to 9	no. of character
√ transducer mounting fixture	transducer		measurement arrangement	size	fixation	outer pipe diameter	description
				•		•	portable Variofix
ТВ							tension belts
TH							high-temperature tension belts
	A						all transducers
			D				reflect arrangement or diagonal arrangement/direct mode
			R				reflect arrangement
		-		S			small
				M			medium
					С		chains
					G		tension belts
					Н		high-temperature tension belts
					N		without fixation
						055	0.39 to 21.7 inch
						060	2 to 23.6 inch
						150	2 to 59.1 inch
						210	2 to 82.7 inch



Coupling materials for transducers

normal temperature ran (4th character of transd		extended temperature ra (4th character of transd		higher temperatures (4th character of transducer order code = S)			
< 212 °F	< 338 °F	< 302 °F	< 392 °F	< 302 °F			
	coupling compound type E			coupling compound type E ¹ and coupling pad type VT			

¹ in combination with type VT only

Technical data

type	ambient temperature °F
coupling compound type N	-22 to +266
coupling compound type E	-22 to +392
coupling compound type H	-22 to +482
coupling pad type VT	14 to +392

Damping material (optional)

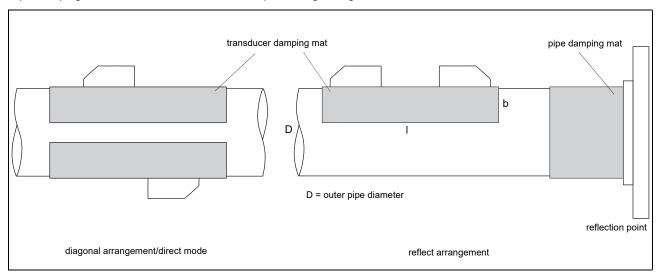
Damping material will be used for the gas measurement to reduce acoustic noise influences on the measurement.



Damping mats

Transducer damping mats will be installed below the transducers.

Pipe damping mats will be installed at reflection points, e.g., flange, weld.



Selection of damping mats

type	description					transducer frequency						ambient temperature	remark
		inch	inch	F	G	Н	K	М	Р	Q		°F	
transo	lucer damping mat												
		< 3.1	17.72 x 4.53 x 0.02	-	-	-	T-	Х	Х	Х	D20S3	-13 to +140	
		≥ 3.1	35.43 x 9.06 x 0.02	-	-	-	Х	Х	-	-	D20S2		
	compound		35.43 x 9.06 x 0.05	Х	Х	Х	-	-	-	-	D50S2		
pipe d	amping mat												
	for temporary installation (multi- ple use), fixed with coupling compound	< 11.8	11.81 x 4.53 x 0.02	Х	Х	х	х	Х	Х	х	A20S4	-13 to +140	for quantity see table below
В	self-adhesive	≥ 11.8	l x 3.94 x 0.04	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	-	B35R2	-31 to +122	I - see table below

Quantity for pipe damping mat - type A

(depending on outer pipe diameter)

outer pipe diameter D	transducer frequency	transducer frequency					
inch	F, G, H	K, M, P, Q					
3.9	12	6					
7.9	24	12					
11.8	32	16					

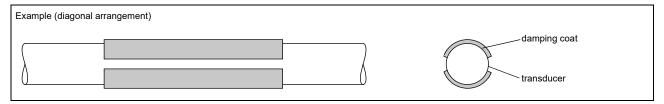
Length of pipe damping mat - type B

(length I depending on transducer frequency and outer pipe diameter)

outer pipe diameter D	transducer frequency					
	F, G, H	K, M, P				
inch	ft	ft				
11.8	39	19				
19.7	104	52				
39.4	413	206				

Damping coat

For high temperatures it is recommended to apply the damping coat onto the pipe. In case of steam measurement it is mandatory.



Technical data

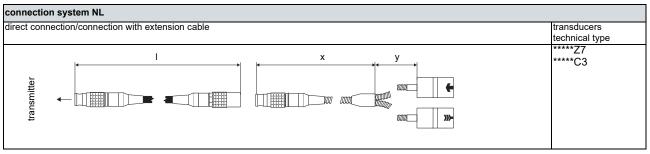
material		multipolymeric matrix/inorganic ceramic coating
packing drum	gal	1
properties		heat resistant, inert
fluid temperature when applying	°F	50 to 392
drying time (example)		approx. 3 h at 68 °F approx. 15 min at 302 °F
temperature resis- tance in dry state	°F	max. 1202
durability of the packing drum (unopened)		2 years

Observe installation instructions (TI_DampingCoat).

Dimensioning

transducer	number of packing drums									
frequency	outer pipe dia	outer pipe diameter								
	≤11.8	≤19.7	≤27.6							
	inch									
F	1	2	2							
G	1	1	2							
Н	1	1	1							
K	1	1	-							
М	1	-	-							
P	1	-	-							
Q	1	-	-							

Connection systems



Cable

transducer cable							
type		1699					
weight	lb/ft	0.06					
ambient temperature	°F	-67 to +392					
cable jacket							
material		PTFE					
outer diameter	inch	0.11					
thickness	inch	0.01					
color	ĺ	brown					
shield	ĺ	x					
sheath							
material		stainless steel 304					
outer diameter	inch	0.31					

extension cable								
type		1750	2551					
standard length	ft	16	-					
		32						
max. length	ft	32	see table below					
weight	lb/ft	0.08	0.06					
ambient temperature	°F	< 144	-13 to +176					
cable jacket								
material		PE	TPE-O					
outer diameter	inch	0.24	0.31					
thickness	inch	0.02						
color	ĺ	black	black					
shield	ĺ	x	x					
sheath								
material		stainless steel 304	-					
outer diameter	inch	0.35	-					
remark		optional						

Cable length

frequency			, G, H, K			M, P					S	S		
connection syste	m NL													
transducers technical type		х	У	ļ	X	У	ľ	x	У	l l	x	У	ľ	
*D***Z7 ¹ *R***C3 ¹	ft	6	9	≤ 82	6	6	≤ 82	6	3	≤ 82	3	3	≤ 65	
option LC: *L***Z7 ¹ *T***C3 ¹	ft	6	22	≤ 82	22	6	≤ 82	26	3	≤ 82	-	-	-	

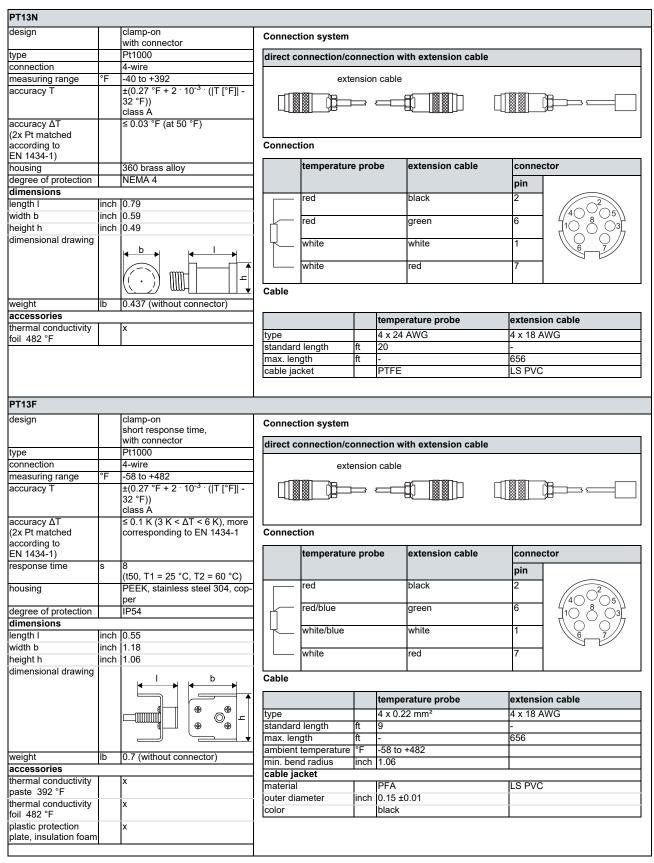
¹ I > 82 to 328 ft on request

x, y = transducer cable length

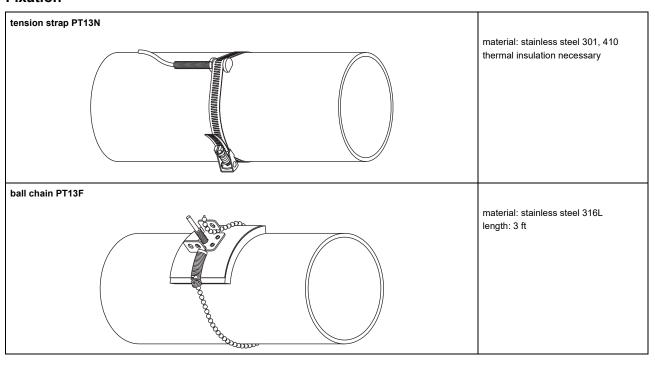
I = max. length of extension cable

Clamp-on temperature probe (optional)

Technical data



Fixation



Wall thickness measurement (optional)

The pipe wall thickness is an important pipe parameter which has to be determined exactly for a good measurement. However, the pipe wall thickness often is unknown.

The wall thickness probe can be connected to the transmitter instead of the flow transducers and the wall thickness measurement mode is activated automatically.

Acoustic coupling compound is applied to the wall thickness probe which then is placed firmly on the pipe. The wall thickness is displayed and can be stored directly in the transmitter.

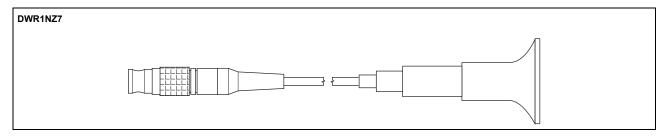
Technical data

		DWR1NZ7
order code		ACC-PO-G601-/W6
measuring range ¹	inch	0.04 to 9.8
resolution	inch	0.0004
accuracy		1 % ±0.004 inch
fluid temperature	°F	-4 to +392, short-time peak max. 932
cable		
type		2616
length	ft	4

¹ The measuring range depends on the attenuation of the ultrasonic signal in the pipe. For strongly attenuating plastics (e.g., PFA, PTFE, PP) the measuring range is smaller.

Cable

		2616
ambient temperature	°F	<392
cable jacket		
material		FEP
outer diameter	inch	0.2
color	ĺ	black
shield		x





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